## A Consolidated Report on Students Scoring Less than 40\% in Annual Examinations 2021



> Education Monitoring Division
> Department of School Education
> Ministry of Education

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## Purpose

In an effort to reform the Assessment System, the Ministry of Education issued the revised Assessment Structure in June 2021 which directs the schools to follow the minimum pass mark for each subject for key stage II-V (classes IVXII). It requires a student to score a minimum of $40 \%$ in both Continuous Assessment (CA) and written examinations to be promoted to the next higher grade. This change is being introduced to streamline the assessment system to assess the actual learning of the students. However, there were concerns raised on the implications of the revised assessment structure.

To this effect, Education Monitoring Division of Department of School Education conducted a survey to find out the performance of students in annual examinations 2021. The analysis covered the following areas:

1) Number of students who scored less than $40 \%$ in overall result.
2) Students scoring less than $40 \%$ in Continuous Assessment (CA) and written examinations in each subject.
3) Dzongkhag wise percentage of students who scored less than $40 \%$.
4) Performances of private school.
5) Reasons for students failing in examination.
6) Implication of failure to school.

## Methodology

The data was collected from both public and private schools for classes PP-XI in 2021. A common excel sheet form was designed by EMD to collect data from schools and shared with the schools across the country by the focal EMOs of each Dzongkhag/Thromde.

The following information were collected from the schools:

- Total number of students in each of the classes PP to XI
- Number of students who scored less than $40 \%$ in CA and written examinations in each subject
- Reasons for students failing in examination
- Implication of failure

Summary of Total Students in Classes PP-XI

| Class | Total Students |
| :---: | :---: |
| PP-III | 52,729 |
| IV | 12,252 |
| V | 12,894 |
| VI | 12,810 |
| VII | 11,990 |
| VIII | 12,135 |
| IX | 12,126 |
| XI | 12,271 |
| TOTAL | $\mathbf{1 , 3 9 , 2 0 7}$ |

## Report

Overall Performances of Students in Annual Result 2021



Classwise Students Scoring Less Than 40\% In Annual Result 2021


Three Years Comparative Analysis of Failed \%


Subject Wise Students Scoring Less Than 40\% In CA \& Written Examinations (Classes IV-VI)


## Subject Wise Students Scoring Less Than 40\% in CA \& Written <br> Examinations <br> (Classes VII-VIII)



Subject Wise Students Scoring Less Than 40\% in CA \& Written
Examinations
(Classes IX)



Dzongkhag Wise Percentage of Students (Classes PP-XI) Scoring Less Than 40\%


Dzongkhag Wise Number of Students Scoring Less Than 40\%


Gender Wise Comparative Performances of Students Scoring Less Than 40\%


Comparative Failed Analysis of Mid-term \& Annual Result 2021


School Wise Percentage of Failed Students

| SL | SCHOOL | DZONGKHAG | $\begin{aligned} & \text { TOTAL } \\ & \text { STD } \end{aligned}$ | TOTAL FAILED | $\begin{aligned} & \text { FAIL } \\ & \% \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | DECHHELING LSS | PEMA GATSHEL | 260 | 138 | 53\% |
| 2 | BAGING PRIMARY SCHOOL | MONGAR | 116 | 48 | 41\% |
| 3 | TSHAPHEL LSS | HAA | 391 | 144 | 37\% |
| 4 | KUNZANGLING CENTRAL SCHOOL | TRASHI YANGTSE | 254 | 93 | 37\% |
| 5 | MARTSHALA CENTRAL SCHOOL | SAMDRUP JONGKHAR | 288 | 105 | 36\% |
| 6 | DRAMETSE CS | MONGAR | 768 | 274 | 36\% |
| 7 | PELORLING HSS | SAMTSE | 1605 | 570 | 36\% |
| 8 | TSAMANG PS | MONGAR | 102 | 36 | 35\% |
| 9 | SAMDRUP JONGKHAR MSS | SAMDRUP JONGKHAR THROMDE | 309 | 109 | 35\% |
| 10 | MINJEY MSS | LHUENTSE | 278 | 98 | 35\% |
| 11 | PELRITHANG HSS | SARPANG | 691 | 242 | 35\% |
| 12 | BROKSAR ECR | MONGAR | 9 | 3 | 33\% |
| 13 | BITEKHA MSS | PARO | 389 | 129 | 33\% |
| 14 | LHAMOIZINGKHA CS | DAGANA | 761 | 241 | 32\% |
| 15 | DECHENTSEMO HSS | PUNAKHA | 345 | 108 | 31\% |
| 16 | BAJOTHANG HSS | WANGDUE | 1112 | 346 | 31\% |
| 17 | BUMDELING LSS | TRASHI YANGTSE | 312 | 97 | 31\% |
| 18 | JAMPELING CS | TRASHIGANG | 325 | 100 | 31\% |
| 19 | LAYA CS | GASA | 158 | 48 | 30\% |
| 20 | LAMGONG MSS | PARO | 913 | 267 | 29\% |
| 21 | CHUZAGANG PS | SARPANG | 257 | 75 | 29\% |
| 22 | KIDHEYKHAR HSS | MONGAR | 891 | 260 | 29\% |
| 23 | DUNGTSE CS | TRASHIGANG | 363 | 105 | 29\% |
| 24 | DAWAKHA LSS | PARO | 277 | 79 | 29\% |
| 25 | JIGMECHOELING MSS | SARPANG | 390 | 111 | 28\% |
| 26 | DOROKHA HSS | SAMTSE | 636 | 179 | 28\% |
| 27 | UMA PS | WANGDUE | 50 | 14 | 28\% |
| 28 | THRIMSHING CS | TRASHIGANG | 445 | 123 | 28\% |
| 29 | UDZORONG CS | TRASHIGANG | 525 | 145 | 28\% |
| 30 | JANCHUBLING MSS | SARPANG | 344 | 95 | 28\% |
| 31 | SARPANG MSS | SARPANG | 1069 | 294 | 28\% |
| 32 | DRUKJEGANG HSS | DAGANA | 547 | 150 | 27\% |


| 33 | NORBUGANG CS | SAMTSE | 657 | 180 | $27 \%$ |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 34 | SONAMTHANG CS | ZHEMGANG | 776 | 211 | $27 \%$ |
| 35 | NORBULING CS | SARPANG | 1155 | 311 | $27 \%$ |
| 36 | GOMTU HSS | SAMTSE | 1339 | 358 | $27 \%$ |
| 37 | DUNGNA LSS | CHHUKHA | 357 | 94 | $26 \%$ |
| 38 | CHASKHAR CS | MONGAR | 648 | 168 | $26 \%$ |
| 39 | TARAYTHANG PS | SARPANG | 58 | 15 | $26 \%$ |
| 40 | THUNGKHAR LSS | TRASHIGANG | 128 | 33 | $26 \%$ |
| 41 | BULI CS | ZHEMGANG | 488 | 125 | $26 \%$ |
| 42 | LIGMETHANG MSS | MONGAR | 373 | 95 | $25 \%$ |
| 43 | KENGKHAR MSS | MONGAR | 539 | 137 | $25 \%$ |
| 44 | NAGOR MSS | MONGAR | 363 | 92 | $25 \%$ |
| 45 | RANGAYTUNG PS | CHHUKHA | 115 | 29 | $25 \%$ |
| 46 | NGATSHANG PRIMARY | MONGAR | 131 | 33 | $25 \%$ |
| 47 | TASHIDINGKHA HSS | PUNAKHA | 475 | 119 | $25 \%$ |
| 48 | GASELO HSS | WANGDUE | 750 | 187 | $25 \%$ |
| 49 | TSHOCHASA PS | PUNAKHA | 93 | 23 | $25 \%$ |
| 50 | PEMA GATSHEL MSS | PEMA GATSHEL | 507 | 125 | $25 \%$ |
| 51 | CHAPCHA MSS | CHHUKHA | 349 | 86 | $25 \%$ |
| 52 | YOESELTSE MSS | SAMTSE | 719 | 177 | $25 \%$ |
| 53 | RITSANGDUNG PS | TRASHIGANG | 86 | 21 | $24 \%$ |
| 54 | GONGTHUNG MSS | TRASHIGANG | 389 | 93 | $24 \%$ |
| 55 | WANGCHU MSS | CHHUKHA | 640 | 150 | $23 \%$ |
| 56 | AREKHA MSS | CHHUKHA | 494 | 115 | $23 \%$ |
| 57 | RADHI MSS | TRASHIGANG | 242 | 56 | $23 \%$ |
| 58 | NORBUGANG PS | SAMTSE | 368 | 85 | $23 \%$ |
| 59 | PELKHIL SCHOOL | THIMPHU THROMDE | 191 | 44 | $23 \%$ |
| 60 | SINGYE PS | SARPANG | 178 | 41 | $23 \%$ |
| 61 | JOMTSANG PS | TRASHIGANG | 35 | 8 | $23 \%$ |
| 62 | SHENGANA LSS | PUNAKHA | 210 | 48 | $23 \%$ |
| 63 | UMLING MSS | SARPANG | 395 | 90 | $23 \%$ |
| 64 | SHABA HSS | PARO | 596 | 135 | $23 \%$ |
| 65 | YANGNEER PS | TRASHIGANG | 142 | 32 | $23 \%$ |
| 66 | LUNGTENPHU MSS | THIMPHU THROMDE | 1409 | 316 | $22 \%$ |
| 67 | KHURUTHANG MSS | PUNAKHA | 1075 | 241 | $22 \%$ |
| 68 | DOROKHA LSS | SAMTSE | 122 | $22 \%$ |  |
| 69 | DENCHUKHA LSS | $22 \%$ |  |  |  |


| 70 | TASHITHANG PS | SAMTSE | 82 | 18 | 22\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 71 | SENGOR PS | MONGAR | 23 | 5 | 22\% |
| 72 | TSANGPO PS | TRASHIGANG | 74 | 16 | 22\% |
| 73 | LUNGTENZAMPA MSS | THIMPHU THROMDE | 1275 | 275 | 22\% |
| 74 | JOMOTSANGKHA MSS | SAMDRUP JONGKHAR | 302 | 65 | 22\% |
| 75 | KHAMDANG LSS | TRASHI YANGTSE | 266 | 57 | 21\% |
| 76 | SHERUBLING CS | TRONGSA | 336 | 72 | 21\% |
| 77 | DEKILING MSS | SARPANG | 365 | 78 | 21\% |
| 78 | PAKSHIKHA CS | CHHUKHA | 935 | 199 | 21\% |
| 79 | DRUKGYEL LSS | PARO | 797 | 169 | 21\% |
| 80 | TSHAIDANG PS | ZHEMGANG | 62 | 13 | 21\% |
| 81 | TRONGSA PRIMARY SCHOOL | TRONGSA | 420 | 88 | 21\% |
| 82 | MANDRINI ECR | SAMTSE | 24 | 5 | 21\% |
| 83 | BUDASHI PS | ZHEMGANG | 106 | 22 | 21\% |
| 84 | RAMJAR MSS | TRASHI YANGTSE | 314 | 65 | 21\% |
| 85 | ZUNGLEN PRIMARY SCHOOL | MONGAR | 107 | 22 | 21\% |
| 86 | NARANG PS | MONGAR | 238 | 48 | 20\% |
| 87 | KHANGKHU MSS | PARO | 845 | 170 | 20\% |
| 88 | JARINGAY PS | SAMTSE | 65 | 13 | 20\% |
| 89 | CHOEKHORLING MSS | SARPANG | 719 | 143 | 20\% |
| 90 | NGANGLAM MSS | PEMA GATSHEL | 955 | 189 | 20\% |
| 91 | MONGAR MSS | MONGAR | 937 | 185 | 20\% |
| 92 | SAMTENLING PS | SARPANG | 264 | 52 | 20\% |
| 93 | PANGNA PS | DAGANA | 215 | 42 | 20\% |
| 94 | GAWALING PS | SAMTSE | 72 | 14 | 19\% |
| 95 | WANAKHA CENTRAL SCHOOL | PARO | 525 | 102 | 19\% |
| 96 | SAMEY PS | DAGANA | 89 | 17 | 19\% |
| 97 | SHEMAGANGKHA PS | CHHUKHA | 90 | 17 | 19\% |
| 98 | MONGAR HSS | MONGAR | 625 | 118 | 19\% |
| 99 | DIPUJORA ECR | SAMTSE | 53 | 10 | 19\% |
| 100 | SAMTENGANG CENTRAL SCHOOL | WANGDUE | 636 | 118 | 19\% |
| 101 | GYALPOIZHING HSS | MONGAR | 620 | 115 | 19\% |
| 102 | PANGSERPO PS | DAGANA | 81 | 15 | 19\% |
| 103 | GENEKHA LSS | THIMPHU | 282 | 52 | 18\% |
| 104 | KABESA CS | PUNAKHA | 651 | 120 | 18\% |


| 105 | BJOKA PS | ZHEMGANG | 110 | 20 | 18\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 106 | CHUNGPHEL PRIMARY SCHOOL | BUMTHANG | 11 | 2 | 18\% |
| 107 | THRINDANGBI PS | MONGAR | 66 | 12 | 18\% |
| 108 | CHUMEY CS | BUMTHANG | 435 | 79 | 18\% |
| 109 | BIDUNG LSS | TRASHIGANG | 204 | 37 | 18\% |
| 110 | TASHIDING LSS | DAGANA | 216 | 39 | 18\% |
| 111 | THIMYUL LSS | LHUENTSE | 196 | 35 | 18\% |
| 112 | PAM PS | TRASHIGANG | 101 | 18 | 18\% |
| 113 | WANGDI GATSHEL PS | CHHUKHA | 191 | 34 | 18\% |
| 114 | GANGLAPONG PS | MONGAR | 17 | 3 | 18\% |
| 115 | KHENI LOWER SECONDARY SCHOOL | TRASHI YANGTSE | 204 | 36 | 18\% |
| 116 | YONPHULA LSS | TRASHIGANG | 187 | 33 | 18\% |
| 117 | LANGTHEL LSS | TRONGSA | 312 | 55 | 18\% |
| 118 | GEDU HIGHER SECONDARY SCHOOL | CHHUKHA | 723 | 126 | 17\% |
| 119 | CHUNGKHA PS | CHHUKHA | 69 | 12 | 17\% |
| 120 | TONGMIJANGSA PRIMARY SCHOOL | TRASHI YANGTSE | 139 | 24 | 17\% |
| 121 | RAMEYCHEN PRIMARY SCHOOL | WANGDUE | 209 | 36 | 17\% |
| 122 | WANGBAMA CS | THIMPHU | 431 | 74 | 17\% |
| 123 | SHUMAR LOWER <br> SECONDARY SCHOOL | PEMA GATSHEL | 307 | 52 | 17\% |
| 124 | GYATSHA PRIMARY SCHOOL | BUMTHANG | 142 | 24 | 17\% |
| 125 | PHENSUM PS | SAMTSE | 172 | 29 | 17\% |
| 126 | CHAPCHA PS | CHHUKHA | 89 | 15 | 17\% |
| 127 | THINLEYGANG PS | PUNAKHA | 262 | 44 | 17\% |
| 128 | SAKTENG LSS | TRASHIGANG | 274 | 46 | 17\% |
| 129 | LOBESA LSS | PUNAKHA | 819 | 137 | 17\% |
| 130 | BALAM PS | MONGAR | 157 | 26 | 17\% |
| 131 | LOSELLING MSS | THIMPHU THROMDE | 1386 | 229 | 17\% |
| 132 | URA CENTRAL SCHOOL | BUMTHANG | 315 | 52 | 17\% |
| 133 | TSENKHARLA CENTRAL SCHOOL | TRASHI YANGTSE | 796 | 131 | 16\% |
| 134 | DALIPHANGMA PS | TRASHIGANG | 67 | 11 | 16\% |
| 135 | TSIRANGTOE CENTRAL SCHOOL | TSIRANG | 835 | 137 | 16\% |
| 136 | WOMANANG PS | TRASHI YANGTSE | 61 | 10 | 16\% |


| 137 | DARLA MSS | CHHUKHA | 773 | 126 | $16 \%$ |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 138 | LOGODAMA PS | PUNAKHA | 295 | 48 | $16 \%$ |
| 139 | LUNGTENGANG PS | DAGANA | 62 | 10 | $16 \%$ |
| 140 | WOOCHU LSS | PARO | 932 | 150 | $16 \%$ |
| 141 | LANGMADUNG PROMARY <br>  <br> SCHOOL | TRASHI YANGTSE | 81 | 13 | $16 \%$ |
| 142 | DECHENPELRI PS | SARPANG | 160 | 25 | $16 \%$ |
| 143 | KANGLUNG PS | TRASHIGANG | 399 | 62 | $16 \%$ |
| 144 | GALING PS | TRASHIGANG | 58 | 9 | $16 \%$ |
| 145 | NAHI PRIMARY SCHOOL | WANGDUE | 71 | 11 | $15 \%$ |
| 146 | PHUENSUM DEKI PS | WANGDUE | 72 | 11 | $15 \%$ |
| 147 | DOTEN LSS | PARO | 312 | 47 | $15 \%$ |
| 148 | SHATAKSHA PRIMARY <br>  <br> SCHOOL | WANGDUE | 93 | 14 | $15 \%$ |
| 149 | SALING ECR | MONGAR | 20 | 3 | $15 \%$ |
| 150 | TASHILAKHA PS | CHHUKHA | 82 | 12 | $15 \%$ |
| 151 | DZONGSAR PS | SAMTSE | 144 | 21 | $15 \%$ |
| 152 | JIGMELING PS | SARPANG | 186 | 27 | $15 \%$ |
| 153 | BALING PRIMARY SCHOOL | TRONGSA | 76 | 11 | $14 \%$ |
| 154 | JYENKHANA PRIMARY | HAA | 201 | 29 | $14 \%$ |
| 155 | TASHOOL | TASE HSS | TRASHIGANG | 444 | 64 |
| 156 | GONPASINGMA LSS | PEMA GATSHEL | 146 | 21 | $14 \%$ |
| 157 | GARPAWOONG MSS | SAMDRUP JONGKHAR | 362 | 52 | $14 \%$ |
| 158 | GELEPHU MSS | GELEPHU THROMDE | 586 | 84 | $14 \%$ |
| 159 | KHALING LSS | TRASHIGANG | 287 | 41 | $14 \%$ |
| 160 | MOSHI PS | TRASHIGANG | 119 | 17 | $14 \%$ |
| 161 | RESA ECR | MONGAR | 798 | 1 | $14 \%$ |
| 162 | TAJU PRIMARY SCHOOL | PARO | 71 | $14 \%$ |  |
| 163 | NOBDING LSS | WANGDUE | 134 | 42 | $14 \%$ |
| 164 | KARMALING PS | DAGANA | 19 | $14 \%$ |  |
| 165 | AUTSHO CS | LHUENTSE | 546 | 77 | $14 \%$ |
| 166 | BENSHINGMO PS | TRASHIGANG | 50 | 7 | $14 \%$ |
| 167 | UTPAL ACADEMY | PARO | 100 | 14 | $14 \%$ |
| 168 | SHERUB GATSHEL LSS | SAMTSE | 458 | 64 | $14 \%$ |
| 169 | DALLEYTHANG LSS | DAGANA | 215 | 30 | $14 \%$ |
| 170 | PHOBJKHA CENTRAL <br> SCHOOL | WANGDUE | $14 \%$ |  |  |
| 171 | GOSHING PS |  |  |  |  |


| 172 | RANGTSE PRIMARY SCHOOL | HAA | 123 | 17 | 14\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 173 | KHAR PRIMARY SCHOOL | PEMA GATSHEL | 102 | 14 | 14\% |
| 174 | DEWATHANG PS | SAMDRUP JONGKHAR THROMDE | 648 | 88 | 14\% |
| 175 | GASA PS | GASA | 140 | 19 | 14\% |
| 176 | YEBILAPTSA CS | ZHEMGANG | 438 | 59 | 13\% |
| 177 | TSIMALAKHA MSS | CHHUKHA | 528 | 71 | 13\% |
| 178 | DRUKGYEL HSS | PARO | 677 | 91 | 13\% |
| 179 | CHALING PS | TRASHIGANG | 97 | 13 | 13\% |
| 180 | BARZOR PRIMARY SCHOOL | SAMDRUP JONGKHAR | 120 | 16 | 13\% |
| 181 | UGYENTSE PS | SAMTSE | 143 | 19 | 13\% |
| 182 | PHUNTSHOTHANG MSS | SAMDRUP JONGKHAR | 968 | 128 | 13\% |
| 183 | CHASKHAR PAM ECR | MONGAR | 38 | 5 | 13\% |
| 184 | SINCHULA PS | CHHUKHA | 176 | 23 | 13\% |
| 185 | KAGTONG PS | ZHEMGANG | 46 | 6 | 13\% |
| 186 | JIGME NAMGYAL LSS | THIMPHU THROMDE | 1018 | 132 | 13\% |
| 187 | BABESA HSS | THIMPHU THROMDE | 468 | 60 | 13\% |
| 188 | SHALI PRIMARY SCHOOL | TRASHI YANGTSE | 86 | 11 | 13\% |
| 189 | ZILUKHA MSS | THIMPHU THROMDE | 1176 | 150 | 13\% |
| 190 | SHARI HSS | PARO | 458 | 58 | 13\% |
| 191 | PANBANG PS | ZHEMGANG | 317 | 40 | 13\% |
| 192 | LAPTSAKHA PS | PUNAKHA | 135 | 17 | 13\% |
| 193 | SISINA PRIMARY SCHOOL | THIMPHU | 191 | 24 | 13\% |
| 194 | JOENKHAR PS | TRASHIGANG | 64 | 8 | 13\% |
| 195 | KARSHONG PRY SCHOOL | TRONGSA | 16 | 2 | 13\% |
| 196 | PHONGMEY PS | TRASHIGANG | 152 | 19 | 13\% |
| 197 | SERZHONG PS | SARPANG | 112 | 14 | 13\% |
| 198 | CHALI LSS | MONGAR | 241 | 30 | 12\% |
| 199 | CHANGZAMTOG MSS | THIMPHU THROMDE | 1387 | 171 | 12\% |
| 200 | MONMOLA PS | SAMDRUP JONGKHAR | 73 | 9 | 12\% |
| 201 | BARTSHAM PS | TRASHIGANG | 203 | 25 | 12\% |
| 202 | PANTANG PS | ZHEMGANG | 122 | 15 | 12\% |
| 203 | BARDO PS | ZHEMGANG | 57 | 7 | 12\% |
| 204 | CHENDEBJI PS | TRONGSA | 57 | 7 | 12\% |
| 205 | TSEBAR LSS | PEMA GATSHEL | 149 | 18 | 12\% |
| 206 | KATSHO LSS | HAA | 555 | 67 | 12\% |
| 207 | SHINGKHAR PS | ZHEMGANG | 116 | 14 | 12\% |


| 208 | JERELEMI PS | TRASHIGANG | 75 | 9 | 12\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 209 | MELONGKHAR PS | TRASHI YANGTSE | 50 | 6 | 12\% |
| 210 | KAMJI CENTRAL SCHOOL | CHHUKHA | 817 | 98 | 12\% |
| 211 | CHANGRIGPHEL PS | THIMPHU THROMDE | 924 | 109 | 12\% |
| 212 | TSHANGKHA MSS | DAGANA | 512 | 60 | 12\% |
| 213 | CHUNDU ARMED FORCES PUBLIC SCHOOL | HAA | 889 | 104 | 12\% |
| 214 | ZHEMGANG CS | ZHEMGANG | 496 | 58 | 12\% |
| 215 | YELCHEN CENTRAL SCHOOL | PEMA GATSHEL | 653 | 76 | 12\% |
| 216 | WOONGCHILO PRIMARY SCHOOL | PEMA GATSHEL | 43 | 5 | 12\% |
| 217 | DIGALA PS | ZHEMGANG | 26 | 3 | 12\% |
| 218 | LAURI PRIMARY SCHOOL | SAMDRUP JONGKHAR | 156 | 18 | 12\% |
| 219 | KANGPAR LSS | TRASHIGANG | 165 | 19 | 12\% |
| 220 | RINCHENGANG PRIMARY SCHOOL | WANGDUE | 226 | 26 | 12\% |
| 221 | WANGDUE PRIMARY SCHOOL | WANGDUE | 836 | 95 | 11\% |
| 222 | DAMPHU CENTRAL SCHOOL | TSIRANG | 847 | 96 | 11\% |
| 223 | BJIMTHANGKHA PRIMARY SCHOOL | WANGDUE | 399 | 45 | 11\% |
| 224 | DAKSA PS | MONGAR | 89 | 10 | 11\% |
| 225 | KYIDSA PS | SAMTSE | 89 | 10 | 11\% |
| 226 | ZANGKHAR PS | LHUENTSE | 98 | 11 | 11\% |
| 227 | BJIBJOKHA LSS | PUNAKHA | 232 | 26 | 11\% |
| 228 | PUNAKHA CS | PUNAKHA | 697 | 78 | 11\% |
| 229 | RANGJUNG PS | TRASHIGANG | 269 | 30 | 11\% |
| 230 | KURCHILO PS | TRASHIGANG | 63 | 7 | 11\% |
| 231 | TALHOGANG PS | PUNAKHA | 27 | 3 | 11\% |
| 232 | WAICHURE ECR | MONGAR | 45 | 5 | 11\% |
| 233 | YADI CENTRAL SCHOOL | MONGAR | 790 | 87 | 11\% |
| 234 | RUKUBJI PS | WANGDUE | 109 | 12 | 11\% |
| 235 | BARTSHAM CS | TRASHIGANG | 569 | 62 | 11\% |
| 236 | SARPANG CS | SARPANG | 561 | 61 | 11\% |
| 237 | DEPHELING PS | SAMTSE | 83 | 9 | 11\% |
| 238 | KALAPANG PS | MONGAR | 37 | 4 | 11\% |
| 239 | LINGKHAR ECR | MONGAR | 37 | 4 | 11\% |
| 240 | TINGTIBI LSS | ZHEMGANG | 158 | 17 | 11\% |


| 241 | BJEMINA PRIMARY <br> SCHOOL | THIMPHU | 205 | 22 | $11 \%$ |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 242 | RETEY PS | SARPANG | 47 | 5 | $11 \%$ |
| 243 | GESARLING CS | DAGANA | 804 | 85 | $11 \%$ |
| 244 | PANBARI PS | SAMTSE | 341 | 36 | $11 \%$ |
| 245 | THRISA PS | ZHEMGANG | 19 | 2 | $11 \%$ |
| 246 | NANGLADANG ECR | SAMTSE | 67 | 7 | $10 \%$ |
| 247 | CHUKHA CENTRAL SCHOOL | CHHUKHA | 776 | 81 | $10 \%$ |
| 248 | DAGAPELA MSS | DAGANA | 762 | 79 | $10 \%$ |
| 249 | SERTENA PRIMARY <br> SCHOOL | HAA | 29 | 3 | $10 \%$ |
| 250 | ZORDUNG PS | TRASHIGANG | 29 | 3 | $10 \%$ |
| 251 | GONGZIM UGYEN DORJI <br> CS | HAA | 591 | 61 | $10 \%$ |
| 252 | LHAYUL PS | SARPANG | 107 | 11 | $10 \%$ |
| 253 | SAMTSE LSS | SAMTSE | 1131 | 116 | $10 \%$ |
| 254 | KHASADRAPCHU MSS | THIMPHU | 953 | 97 | $10 \%$ |
| 255 | RINCHEN HSS | THIMPHU THROMDE | 99 | 10 | $10 \%$ |
| 256 | JIGME SHERUBLING CS | TRASHIGANG | 479 | 48 | $10 \%$ |
| 257 | JURMEY PS | MONGAR | 170 | 17 | $10 \%$ |
| 258 | LOBNEYKHA PS | CHHUKHA | 30 | 3 | $10 \%$ |
| 259 | SILAMBI PS | MONGAR | 60 | 6 | $10 \%$ |
| 260 | DAMPHU MSS | TSIRANG | 1097 | 109 | $10 \%$ |
| 261 | ZUNGNYE PRIMARY | BUMTHANG | 112 | 11 | $10 \%$ |
| 262 | SCHOOL | SAMTSE | 163 | 16 | $10 \%$ |
| 263 | SARJUNG PS | SAMDRUP JONGKHAR | 92 | 9 | $10 \%$ |
| 264 | PHEGPARI PS | TRASHIGANG | 103 | 10 | $10 \%$ |
| 265 | BJISHONG CS | GASA | 495 | 48 | $10 \%$ |
| 266 | SHABA PRIMARY SCHOOL | PARO | 68 | $10 \%$ |  |
| 267 | REPATI PS | ZHEMGANG | 51 | 3 | $10 \%$ |
| 268 | GOENSHARI PS | PUNAKHA | 52 | $10 \%$ |  |
| 269 | WANGDUECHHOELING LSS | BUMTHANG | 914 | 87 | $10 \%$ |

## PRIVATE SCHOOLS PERFORMANCES IN ANNUAL RESULT 2021

Overall Performances of Students in Annual Result 2021


Pvt. Students Performances in Annual Result 2021


Total Students Scoring Less than 40\% in Each Class


List of Class XI Failed Students in Pvt. School 2021

| SL | Dzongkhag | School | Total std. in the class | BOYS | GIRLS | TOTAL |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Phuentsholing <br> Thromde | Younten Kuenjung Academy | 154 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| 2 | Paro | Rigzom Academy | 185 | 0 | 2 | 2 |
| 3 | Punakha | Ugyen Academy | 287 | 1 | 1 | 2 |
| 4 | Thimphu Thromde | Nima HSS | 141 | 1 | 1 | 2 |
| 5 | Haa | Jampel Higher Secondary School | 231 | 3 | 0 | 3 |
| 6 | Thimphu Thromde | Kelki HSS | 135 | 3 | 1 | 4 |
| 7 | Samdrup Jongkhar Thromde | Dungsum Academy | 84 | 4 | 2 | 6 |
| 8 | Thimphu Thromde | Druk School | 52 | 8 | 1 | 9 |
| 9 | Thimphu Thromde | Rinchen Higher Secondary School | 99 | 10 | 0 | 10 |
| 10 | Phuentsholing Thromde | Norbu Academy | 57 | 5 | 6 | 11 |
| 11 | Paro | Utpal Academy | 100 | 8 | 6 | 14 |
| 12 | Thimphu Thromde | Pelkhil HSS | 211 | 30 | 14 | 44 |
|  |  | TOTAL | 1736 | 74 | 34 | 108 |

## Reasons for Failed Students

## FAILED REASONS FOR CLASSES PP-III

1. The prolonged and frequent pandemic lockdown deprived students from regular contact teaching in the previous years. There was a gap of contactteaching for one year. It was a common complain of the teachers that students have generally declined in their studies after one year gap.
2. The online classes were not effective and children could not learn as required due to lack of materials and network issues. Quite a good portion of syllabus was covered online. Online teaching-learning wasn't friendly and favourable for every teacher and student for the reasons like device (mobile, laptop, ICT competency), parents support, carrying out Continuous Formative Assessment (CFA), generation gap of the teachers and acceptance of the common people. Thus, only sections of students who were under competent teachers and supportive parents with facilities available were not hampered much.
3. Most of the failures are the children of illiterate parents like farmers, army and police, businessman. These sections of children got directly affected by pandemic. Most parents could not cooperate in carrying out CFA during online teaching.
4. Continuous Formative Assessment (CFA) implemented in classes PP-III needs parents' support and some of the parents lack knowledge to help their children. Some of the classes have huge number of students while CFA demands attention to every child
5. Students in the previous year were given automatic promotion due to pandemic without due filtration process.
6. Teachers were oriented NNC virtually where teachers felt not very confident in teaching. NNC was implemented before the orientation was given to subject teachers which confused teachers as well as learners. Moreover, NNC orientation was given at the end of the academic year.
7. The bridging period in the beginning 2021 was not sufficient to coach students to cover-up the learning gap.
8. Students and parents were not ready to adapt to sudden changes of assessment criteria in education system. Moreover, this new assessment criteria was implemented NOT from the starting of the academic session.
9. Many children in the rural areas commute long hours to school. They have to come early which makes them inactive in the class. Due to which they are unable to concentrate in the class actively as per the teachers and leads to poor performances in the class. They are even weak in studies.
10. It is difficult for the teachers to teach five year old children and make them understand. Age of the child, 5 years is too young for them to be in school especially children of rural areas where ECCDs are not very effective.
11. Despite all possible individualized efforts from the teachers, few students are not able to meet the basic requirements for promotion to the next higher grade. The school promotion committee strongly felt that they would do much better if retained in the same grade for an additional year. They are NOT DETAINED but RETAINED.
12. School also have some students who required the curriculum of 'special education needs attention' whereby it has tremendously contributed to the increase of the failure percentage.
13. Some parents wanted their children to repeat in the same class. Schools obtained undertaking letter from parents. After understanding strengths and weaknesses of student, both parents and teachers agreed to let the child repeat. School has obtained undertaking letter from parents.

## FAILED REASONS FOR CLASSES IV -XI

1. Almost all the children were promoted to the next classes but remediation of the previous contents and the coverage of the present classes syllabuses were daunting task for children to understand.
2. Disruption of academic session by pandemic, sudden change in assessment structure, curriculum and inadequate NNC orientation to teachers.
3. Online teaching was ineffective in the remote areas due to lack of gadgets and connectivity. Most of the students' did not have smart phones and BBS access.
4. Children's learning is purely based on academic achievement and intelligence (written) rather than other aspects of learning such as listening, speaking and reading.
5. NNC requires readiness of resources within school and beyond to address the learning objectives, to learn through meaningful exploration and discovery. Most of the teachers were not ready and the further the virtual training was given towards the end of the year.
6. Shortage of teachers as per TRE/no replacement of teachers. Constant change and transfer of teachers. Some schools had to rely on substitute teachers at all times. Teachers have heavy teaching classes. That way teachers can't assess the works of the students time to time and give feed backs.
7. Both parents and students depend on teachers for their education which is not possible completely. Moreover, parents are mostly illiterate and could not help in child's studies at home.
8. Online classes had only contributed to the learners' bad performance. There was no originality in the students' work and most of the times, it was either copied or done by their elder siblings.
9. The interest of the individuals in learning also plays a major role in their detention. Comparatively, they have been less active in the class during any task given. The learners did not seem to improve even after giving extra attention. This is also to draw the consensus that the amount of attention and support they got at home under weighed the one they got at school. Had they been promoted to next grade, it would have only made it harder for them to cope with the new syllabus and even harder for the teachers to give them the attention they need. They would have ultimately ended up failing in the next grade."
10. Students have difficulty in understanding the competency based question (CBA) patterns.
11. Students have become irresponsible due to NO cut off point in class $X$ and free scholarships provided by the government into the private schools.

## Implications of Failed Students

1. There would be high probability of increasing drop outs. Increase in dropout rate which would increase the unemployment rate and crime rate in the urban centres.
2. Students may refuse to repeat in same school. Some of the students have started approaching the parents to seek admission in other schools.
3. Financial implication to parents and government in terms of purchasing additional books, stationaries, and providing stipend.
4. Classroom congestions may occur due to more repeaters
5. Schools have to create additional sections to accommodate the repeaters and require additional teachers to teach these extra sections.
6. Teachers may be fixed more responsibility and accountability for students' poor performance.
7. Parents and students would be extra careful and work harder and provide necessary support which they could not do as expected until now. For those parents and students who took lightly about their performance in CA and written exam might now start giving equal importance to both.
8. Students may get into depression, anxiety and stress having to repeat in the same grade
9. Increasing number of ageing students during the completion college or any institute or vocational studies is a long term implications.
10. When the number of failure is considered as a yardstick of teacher's performance, when the failures remain all-time high, this might discourage teachers thus amplifying already increasing teacher attrition rate.
11. There is a possibility that the result might improve in 2022. Parents, students and teachers have become aware of how difficult it is to pass the examinations now. All would encourage, and work hard.
12. It would remind the teachers to put on more efforts in uplifting the academic standards of students
13. Workload of teachers might rise if adequate number of teacher are not given due to increase in number of classes.
14. The methodologies of the teaching needs to be readjusted. Need to prepare the children towards competency based questions.
15. Bar will be raised for teachers, students and parents as well. Some seriousness will be seen from next academic session. Accountability will be improved.
16. Students studying in private schools will lose their scholarship from the govt.

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